

Solvency & Financial Condition Report 31 December 2020

CONTENTS

INTRODUCTION AND SUMMARY

A - BUSINESS & PERFORMANCE

- A.1 Business
- A.2 Underwriting Performance
- A.3 Investment Performance
- A.4 Performance of Other Activities
- A.5 Covid-19
- A.6 Any Other Information

B - SYSTEM OF GOVERNANCE

- B.1 General Information on the system of governance
- B.2 Fit and proper requirements
- B.3 Risk management system including the own risk and solvency assessment
- B.4 Internal control system
- B.5 Internal audit function
- **B.6** Actuarial function
- **B.7 Outsourcing**
- B.8 Any other information

C - RISK PROFILE

- C.1 Underwriting risk
- C.2 Market risk
- C.3 Credit risk
- C.4 Liquidity risk
- C.5 Operational risk
- C.6 Other material risk
- C.7 Any other information

D - VALUATION FOR SOLVENCY PURPOSES

- D.1 Assets
- D.2 Technical provisions
- D.3 Other liabilities
- D.4 Alternative methods for valuation

E - CAPITAL MANAGEMENT

- E.1 Own funds
- E.2 Solvency Capital Requirements and Minimum Capital Requirement
- E.3 Use of the duration-based equity risk sub-module in the calculation of the Solvency Capital Requirement
- E.4 Differences between the standard formula and any internal model used.
- E.5 Non-compliance with the Minimum Capital Requirement and non-compliance with the Solvency Capital Requirement

TEMPLATES

VALIDATION

INTRODUCTION AND SUMMARY

The new co-ordinated EU regulated regime for Insurance Companies, Solvency II, came into effect on 1 January 2016. The new regime requires new reporting and public disclosures to be put in place by insurers, some of which will be required to be published on the Company's website. This is the third Solvency Financial Conditions Report (SFCR) for the HSF health plan based on the financial position as at 31 December 2020.

This report covers the Business and Performance of the Company, its System of Governance, Risk Profile, Valuation for Solvency Purposes and Capital Management. The ultimate Administration Body that has the responsibility for all of these matters is the Company's Board of Directors, with the help of various governance and control functions that it has in place to monitor and manage the business.

The Company's financial year runs to 31 December each year and it reports its results in GBP sterling.

HSF health plan has three main objectives:-

- 1. To provide policyholders with a wide range of health benefits that represents excellent value for money. In broad terms 95% of premiums received are paid out as claims and to cover management/administration costs leaving a relatively low profit margin.
- 2. To generate long-term investment growth from its investment portfolio.
- 3. To pay most profits and investment surplus to its parent charity company, The Hospital Saturday Fund, by way of charitable Gift Aid payments. In turn the charity upholds the aims of The Hospital Saturday Fund's founders and its own objectives by donations to medical charities, hospitals, hospices, and individuals with medical needs or medical training needs.

The profits from 1 above are fairly consistent whilst those from 2 above are inevitably quite variable. In combination this results in overall profitability in most years as demonstrated by HSF health plan's financial performance over the past 20 years. Steady modest growth is sought/achieved through the considerable efforts of HSF health plan staff, management and board - success is not a given. This approach is particularly important given the limited fund raising ability of HSF health plan, reflecting its position as a subsidiary of a registered charity.

HSF health plan has been in existence for over 145 years and is determined to continue its insurance and charitable activities far into the future. HSF health Plan behaves ethically and treats policyholders, staff, and suppliers fairly. The business seeks to operate pragmatically, responsively, and in a controlled manner. Being responsive to customer's means HSF health plan can adjust its product offerings in relation to what is required. Being responsive to staff means improvements can be identified/made and problems/risks dealt with rather than be hidden.

HSF health plan's investment portfolio seeks long-term growth through diversification focussing mainly on equities. Some might classify this as a medium risk approach in the short term and a low risk approach when looking many years hence.

Performance

The Directors were very satisfied with the results in 2020 and all 2020 profits will be gift aided to The Hospital Saturday Fund in the 2020/2021 financial year in line with current gift aid rules. The financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the Board of Directors on 18 March 2021 and were signed on its behalf by the Chairman, Mr John Randel.

A - BUSINESS & PERFORMANCE

A.1 Business

HSF health plan Ltd is the wholly owned and trading subsidiary of The Hospital Saturday Fund, an independent charity registered (number 1123381) with the Charity Commission. The Hospital Saturday Fund is a Company Limited by Guarantee in England No 6039284. Both companies have their registered office at 24 Upper Ground London SE1 9PD.

In the UK HSF health plan Limited is a Company Limited by Guarantee in England No 30869 and is authorised by the Prudential Regulation Authority (PRA) and regulated by the Financial Conduct Authority (FCA) and the Prudential Regulation Authority. The firm's reference number for the FCA is 202182. The company, as a category 5 firm, has no named supervisor.

Contact details for the PRA and the FCA can be found on their respective websites:

www.bankofengland.co.uk/pra www.fca.org.uk

In Ireland HSF health plan Limited is registered as Branch No 904935 by the Companies Registration Office and is registered with the Department of Health and Children and the Health Insurance Authority in Ireland, as per Section 14 of the Health Insurance Act 1994. HSF health plan is also authorised to "Passport" into Ireland on a Freedom of Establishment basis and is regulated by the Central Bank of Ireland for conduct of business rules in Ireland.

Contact details for the Health Insurance Authority in Ireland and CBI, can be found on their respective websites:

https://www.hia.ie/

https://www.centralbank.ie/

The HSF health plan Limited is engaged in only one class of business, a range of health cash plan schemes, all of which arises in the United Kingdom and Ireland. The original Hospital Saturday Fund was founded in 1873.

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Ireland

A.2 Underwriting Performance

The total premiums (less Insurance Premium Tax) for the year were £31,008,019 (2019: £31,269,301). Benefits payable (including Personal Accident premiums, helplines and Perk Box) for the year were £19,735,198 (2019: £22,914,491) and represented 63.6% (2019: 73.3%) of premium income.

There was an decrease in new business against prior year of 15%, though overall gross premium income decreased by 1%. A total of 80 new companies launched HSF health plan schemes for their employees, which has decreased from 94 in 2019. The number of policyholders at the year-end was 85,942 (2019: 87,284).

A.3 Investment Performance

The Company holds a range of financial investments including both Sterling and Euro cash deposits and stock market investments. The Company's Directors are careful to manage the Company's exposure to any one counterparty and ensure the nature of the financial investments are appropriate to the Company's activities, objectives and the maintenance of the Company's PRA solvency requirement. The Company's investments increased in value from £17,144,754 to £19,259,024 comprising net additions of £804,863 (2019 net additions of: £988,358) and unrealised gains of £1,309,407 (2019 gains of: £1,184,175). The companies' investment holdings have generated income of £398,944 (2019: £434,923) in interest and dividend payments. The fund management fees per annum range from 0.008% to 0.01% of funds under management.

A.4 Performance of Other Activities

In considering the major service suppliers to HSF health plan the following specific comments apply to certain suppliers: -

- The accident benefit coverage section of the health cash plan operated by HSF health plan is provided by Chubb European Group Ltd in their capacity as co-insurer of HSF health plan's policyholders. As a co-insurer Chubb assesses and pays the claims it receives. HSF health plan monitors the performance of Chubb to ensure that it is providing a good service to its policyholders and may from time to time appoint an alternative accident insurer to provide these benefits. The accident cover is a minor component of the health cash plan offering.
- Medical Solutions UK supplies the various telephone helplines offered as part of the health cash plan. The most material of these is the GP Advice Line. Medical Solutions is not involved in claims. The telephone helplines are a peripheral part of the health cash plan offering.
- HSF health plan purchases fund management services from two external investment managers. These are
 currently UBS and Brewin Dolphin with appointment reviews being conducted every five years, and
 performance reviews conducted quarterly. These fund management activities are not material to the
 provision of the health cash plan product to policyholders but does influence the capital resources available
 and the level of charitable donations to HSF's parent company.
- HSF health plan also donated £5.6m (2019: £1.4m) to its parent charity the Hospital Saturday Fund.

A.5 Covid-19

The coronavirus pandemic is currently affecting all aspects of our personal and professional lives, the health of the world's population, global economic performance, and the financial markets. Despite all of these uncertainties, HSF health plan is very well prepared for the situation. This applies in the context of our operational resilience but also in the context of our capital strength.

HSF health plan operations are now being fully supported by home working in the UK whilst the office in Ireland continues to be open with a combined approach of home and office working, but with shortened hours. HSF health plan has worked to keep its employees safe and taken steps so that key work can continue even if public life remains highly constrained.

The current pandemic could have wide ranging impacts, and these have been considered in order to assist in planning and evaluating the impact on the business. HSF health plan continues to align its approach to the guidance of the UK and Irish Government as well as to HSF health plan Group guidance. The impact of COVID-19 on HSF health plan's solvency position has been assessed, taking into consideration relevant stresses given the circumstances. After consideration of the relevant stresses at the time of writing, the SCR would not breach the regulatory requirements

or HSF health plan's own risk appetite. HSF health plan is expected to continue to have funds available in excess of the regulatory requirements without needing to take contingency action.

Profits made by HSF health plan are channelled to its parent, a registered charity, The Hospital Saturday Fund, who support medically associated charities and individuals in the form of grants. As a direct result of Covid-19, the trustees of the charity have had to make the difficult decision to suspend grant-making in the early stages of the pandemic as the grant-making process is based on visiting charities to carry out assessments. However, the Hospital Saturday Fund put in place a Covid-19 grant, and whilst applications will not be accepted for this grant, the trustees aim to target and approach those charities in the UK and Ireland that have been particularly affected by Corona virus.

The driving force behind the decision to suspend the majority of its grant making other than the effect of social distancing on the grant assessment procedures is to also retain funds within The Hospital Saturday Fund group. The Hospital Saturday Fund currently holds £12m of reserves from which it can provide subordinate loans to the Insurance Company the unlikely event that it requires financial support during this crisis. However, the charity restarted its grant making again in the autumn of 2020 once the initial shock of the pandemic had been assessed and it was evident it would last longer than a few months and also once it was evident that its trading subsidiary would be well placed to maintain its solvency and regulatory requirements.

In May 2020, the FCA published "Product value and coronavirus: draft guidance for insurance firms". This guidance set out their expectations for insurers and insurance intermediaries to consider the value of their products in light of the exceptional circumstances arising out of coronavirus (Covid-19). The finalised guidance was published in June 2020 and Firms had until 3 December to review their product lines in light of the impact of Coronavirus and decide on any resulting action.

The FCA guidance implied that there was a risk that some insurers would seek to profit from the lockdown, and presumably seek to direct the higher cash flow to restoring their dividends. As the parent company for HSF health plan is a charity The Hospital Saturday Fund (HSF) it is therefore believed there was no prospect of profiteering in the way alluded to.

HSF health plan took the FCA guidance very seriously and implemented a Project Team to review the situation and report to the Board on their finding. The Project Team included:

- Group Chief Executive
- Managing Director
- Director of Operations
- Head of Finance
- Head of Compliance

The Project Team undertook a detailed investigation which included reviewing

- The benefit report (which shows the profitability of each individual scheme) as at the end of September
- The weekly data and trend analysis
- The weekly operation statistics

The above statistics and data were collated k and were discussed by the project team at their meeting on 9 November 2020, in preparation for their report to the Board at their meeting on 26 November 2020.

The project team considered whether and how coronavirus may have materially affected the value of their insurance products. It was unanimously agreed that whilst there had been a decrease in the number of claims since the start of the Covid-19 Pandemic this stagnated in May and up to September the claims have quickly returned to a similar level to the average of the past three years. It was also expected that the rise in claims would continue throughout Q4 as all dental services, opticians, etc were to remain open now.

In view of this and being mindful of the letter received on 7 September from the PRA in which they stated:

"We expect that any decision to return funds to customers is taken carefully, ensuring that prudential, reputational and market competitiveness risks are properly assessed. Firms should consider delaying action until the full extent of the financial impacts of Covid-19 are understood"

The project team did not recommend the Board take any decision to make any refund to Policyholders at that time and provided a paper which evidenced their rationale. The Board of Directors met on 26 November 2020 and reviewed the paper and were satisfied with its contents and recommendations.

A.6 Any Other Information – Mission Statement

HSF health plan Mission Statement

Our Mission is: To be recognised as the number one Health Cash Plan provider in the UK and Ireland by offering the best value range of schemes and ensuring a first-class service for every policyholder

B - SYSTEM OF GOVERNANCE

B.1 General information on the system of governance

The usual board structure of HSF health plan Ltd is:-

- Three executive directors employed by HSF health plan including the Chief Executive and the Managing Director. These Executive Directors have day-to-day management responsibility for HSF health plan.
- Three independent Non-Executive Directors.
- Five Non-Executive Directors nominated by The Hospital Saturday Fund who are also Directors/Trustees of
 The Hospital Saturday Fund. These Non-Executive Directors are chosen from the seven Directors/Trustees of
 The Hospital Saturday Fund. The Directors/Trustees of The Hospital Saturday Fund are in turn elected from
 amongst the members of the Association. The Chairman of the Board is chosen from these Directors.

The board has four sub committees each comprising of four to six Directors of HSF health plan (always a majority of Non-Executive Directors) and attended by invitation by the chair of the committee, and HSF health plan senior manager with responsibilities in the committee's area of focus. These report to the main Board with a focus of interest as indicated by their names i.e.: -

- Sales and Marketing
- Audit & Finance
- Human Resources and Remuneration (to include Operations)
- Risk & Compliance

In Solvency II terms the Board and Committees are the "administrative, management and supervisory body" (AMSB).

Board of Directors

The Executive Directors are:-

- Mr Paul Jackson (Chief Executive)
- Mr Paul Clare (Managing Director)
- Mrs Sharon Phelan (Director of Operations UK and Ireland)

The Non-Executive are:-

- Mrs J L Dalton LLB (Hons)
- Mr M Davies
- Mr J Diamond
- Mr N Finlayson FCA DChA
- Mr J Greenwood
- Mr J Randel Chairman
- Mrs L Richards-Cole ACII
- Mr D Thomas

In November 2020, Mr. John Randel was elected to serve a further term as Chairman and Mr. Mark Davies was elected to serve as Vice Chairman. There are three independent Directors, Mr. Jonathan Diamond, Mrs. Lynn Richards-Cole and Mr. Neil Finlayson, none of whom serve as Directors/Trustees of the charity company.

The Board of Directors is composed of individuals from a broad range of backgrounds in general insurance, finance, investment banking, legal and the charity sector. This diverse range of experience is invaluable to the Company and ensures that the continued strong governance culture is maintained.

The Board continues to maintain a strong governance culture and is fully committed to its regulatory responsibilities, with this at the forefront of its strategic planning. The Board continues to work extremely closely with its Head of Compliance.

Material Transactions with Parent

HSF health plan is structured to donate all profits made each year to its parent charity, the Hospital Saturday Fund. HSF health plan donated £5.6m (2019: £1.4m).

Committee Membership at 31 December 2020

Audit & Finance	Human Resources	Sales and Marketing	Risk & Compliance
Mr J Diamond	Mr P Clare	Mr P Clare	Mr P Clare
Mr N Finlayson – Chairman	Mrs J Dalton – Chairman	Mr M Davies - Chairman	Mr M Davies
Mr J Greenwood	Mr P W Jackson	Mr J Diamond	Mr P W Jackson
Mr J Randel	Mrs S Phelan	Mr J Randel	Mrs S Phelan
Mr P Clare (in attendance)	Mr J Randel	Mrs L Richards Cole	Mr J Randel
Mr P W Jackson (in attendance)	Mr D Thomas		Mrs L Richards-Cole - Chairman

Remuneration

The Human Resources & Remuneration Committee is responsible for carrying out duties delegated to them by the Board to ensure the firm recruits and retains employees whose values are aligned to our culture and core purpose. The Committee undertakes an oversight role and gives guidance to the appropriate Executive Directors and senior managers to ensure that the following areas:

- Annual review of staff salaries, bonus payments, allowances and benefits
- Being non-discriminatory all remuneration policies and practices are free from unfair discrimination based on race, gender, age, religion, marital status and ethnic or social origin
- Terms and Conditions of Employment are reviewed when appropriate
- Health and Safety practices are regularly monitored and training is delivered to meet mandatory requirements
- Induction, ongoing training, and Person Development Reviews (PDR's) are conducted in-line with company policy.
- Holding individual performance appraisals to identify talent at all levels in the business and enable fair and competitive pay.
- Holding interim reviews as appropriate and instruct the Managing Director to take the necessary action deemed necessary.
- All policies are applied and maintained in a satisfactory manner, to ensure that the company is conducting business within acceptable legal regulations and good practice guidelines.

The Human Resources & Remuneration Committee is also responsible for:

- Recommending to the Board a level of remuneration for the Chairman of the Board and Non-Executive Directors
- Ensuring that the Service Agreement for Non-Executive Directors continues to reflect the role adequately.

B.2 Fit and proper requirements

Directors are appointed under the "fit and proper" process adopted by the Company and in addition under the Senior Managers and Certification Regime (SM & CR) function holders are pre- approved by the PRA/FCA. The process within HSF health plan, which is used to determine honesty, integrity, reputation, competence/capability, and financial soundness, involves a personal declaration, credit checks, criminal record checks as well as the assessment as to whether individuals have the knowledge, skills and experience to undertake a particular role. This is reflected in the Scope of Responsibilities. "Fit and proper" is reviewed annually and there is a continuing obligation to advise the Chairman if, at any stage, individuals cannot fulfil these requirements.

B.3 Risk management system including the own risk and solvency assessment

The main activity of the Company is operator of a medical cash plan and with this business activity, comes the need to take risk. We monitor the profitability of schemes and the claims data regularly, taking action when required and deemed necessary. The scheme premiums are rated on detailed analysis of historic claims data. Under the insurers regulatory regime, we also consider and diligently monitor a wide range of other risk including market, liquidity, interest rate, insurance, operational, concentration among others, this is done by regular consideration of the ORSA (Own Risk and Solvency Assessment).

The framework adopted by HSF health plan to complete the ORSA process pulls together the work which is done on risk within the business and ensures that appropriate monitoring takes place, that appropriate reviews are conducted in line with the regulatory guidelines and the appropriate amendments made to any necessary documentation. The

ORSA is reviewed and approved by the Board on an annual basis. HSF health plan has adopted the Standard Formula as the basis for calculating its solvency capital requirement.

For the SM & CR functions of Risk Management, Internal Audit and the Actuarial Function, the company adopts an approach, which reflects the nature, scale and complexity of the business and delivers the desired outcomes.

The key purpose of preparing an ORSA is for HSF health plan to make its own assessment of the capital required to be solvent and stay in business over the next year and beyond. The minimum benchmark is the active survival of the business for at least one year with a probability of at least 99.5%. This sits alongside the statutory capital calculated in accordance with the balance sheet and standard capital requirements parameters set by the regulatory authorities for their "standard model". The required capital for HSF health plan is then the higher of the amount that HSF health plan determines, or the statutory amount calculated within the "standard model". Therefore, a key underlying purpose of the ORSA is to identify capital shortfalls arising from mechanistically applying the statutory solvency calculations. Conversely if HSF health plan determines that less capital than the statutory amount is more appropriate then the statutory amount will prevail i.e., under Solvency II the capital required is set at the higher of the statutory and own assessment amounts.

The indicated confidence level of a 99.5% probability of remaining solvent after one year is deemed a suitable balance for HSF health plan between taking excessive risks or holding excessive capital. This period reflects HSF health plan's three-year business planning cycle with updated three-year plans being prepared every year i.e. in effect a one year plan with a three year horizon. Maintaining capital well in excess of the amount determined on this basis provides significant investment freedom for HSF health plan's investment portfolio to secure real long-term growth and permit profits to be generated both from the trading activities and the investment portfolio.

B.4 Internal control system

In order to ensure the effectiveness of the firm's system of governance, HSF health plan has adopted the 'Three Lines of Defence' model. The first line of defence is provided by front line staff and operational management. The systems, internal controls, the control environment, and culture developed and implemented by these business units is crucial in anticipating and managing operational risks. The second line of defence is provided by the risk management and compliance functions. These functions provide the oversight and the tools, systems, and advice necessary to support the first line in identifying, managing and monitoring risks. The third line of defence is provided by the Audit and Finance Committee together with the Internal and External Audit Function. This function provides a level of independent assurance that the risk management and internal control framework is working as designed.

B.5 Internal audit function

The Internal Audit function is managed by the Head of Compliance. The function reports through normal line management to the Managing Director and has full and ready access to the Group Chief Executive. They also report directly to the Audit and Finance Committee regarding internal audit matters only and have access to Non-executive Directors. When performing an audit and when evaluating and reporting the audit results, the internal audit function is not subject to influence from the Board that can impair its independence and impartiality.

B.6 Actuarial function

The actuarial function manager (i.e., Head of Finance) will like all staff in a small company such as HSF health plan have many other roles and duties, particularly preparation of accounting information. The Company is aware of the potential conflicts, as well as the advantages, from this overlap of duties. Support and oversight is provided by the Chief Executive and Managing Director. Many of the function's outputs will be checked or prepared first by others including the external auditors, the Chief Executive, the Managing Director or other Finance department personnel.

HSF health plan does not require the services of a qualified actuary given the straightforward nature of the product offering to policyholders and risks inherent in the business. Claims expectation is derived solely from the claims experience of HSF health plan as no appropriate/relevant industry claims data is available.

As a matter of practice and policy no prior underwriting of individual risks is conducted and terms offered are usually the same for policyholders who fulfil the criteria for joining/remaining in their particular scheme. Health condition

exclusions or temporary restrictions are usually applied based on the health declaration supplied by the policyholder on joining. Premiums do not vary with age, or sex, or health.

In setting out the terms offered to policyholders HSF health plan's objectives for these are designed to:-

- Reflect the provident ethos of the organisation by generating a small surplus of premiums over claims and management costs to provide:
 - o funds to assist the capital development of the business
 - o funds to allow for future benefit improvements/development
 - o funds to allow charitable donations to be made to the parent charity organisation
- Provide a consistent benefit structure for the various country/distribution channel product ranges with a
 progressive increase in benefits for an increase in premiums regardless of age or sex or dependency situation.
 The level charging structures thus created naturally incorporate cross subsidies between various membership
 categories e.g., young and old, high-paying and low-paying, etc.
- Provide long-term good value for money.

B.7 Outsourcing

The general stance of HSF health plan is not to outsource any activities and does not therefore require an outsourcing policy. HSF health plan does however buy in skills that it does not possess. In terms of the critical/important functions/activities from a Solvency II perspective the following applies: -

- The design and pricing of insurance products undertaken solely by HSF health plan personnel.
- The investment of assets or portfolio management HSF health plan determines its own investment strategy, and the broad market sectors and investment ranges for fund management service providers. HSF health plan owns and manages its own head office property and its bank deposits. Other assets are managed within HSF health plan's investment policy by two external fund managers, currently Brewin Dolphin and UBS, who have freedom to select individual stocks and shares and the timing of their purchase/sale within an agreed framework.
- The claims handling process is undertaken solely by HSF health plan personnel.
- The provision of regular or constant compliance, internal audit, accounting, risk management or actuarial support is undertaken by HSF health plan personnel. However, on occasions external guidance or commissioned tasks may be requested.
- The provision of data storage undertaken for electronic data solely by HSF health plan personnel using Company owned equipment. Paper file storage is partly undertaken in-house but with the bulk being held by an external box management company, currently Recall
- The provision of ongoing day-to-day systems maintenance or support is undertaken solely by HSF health plan personnel. On the rare occasions external support may be sought.

B.8 Any other information - Employees

HSF health plan has approximately 74 employees to include all staff, as well as the Board of Directors. The company continues to remain fully committed to its on-going program of staff training and personal development, despite the challenges the pandemic has had on face-to-face training, which has included our planned leadership development program. Despite these challenges, our staff have continued with mandatory training such as GDPR, and developmental training within departments via our on-line training platform.

The IIP assessment scheduled for June 2020 was postponed because of the pandemic and instead replaced by a desk top review, which was conducted in October 2020, at which the company met the criteria to defer the assessment. The company is now scheduled to undergo its revised assessment against the IIP Gold standard in June 2021.

C- RISK PROFILE

C.1 Underwriting risk

Underwriting Risk - standard terms apply to the great majority of business controlled by monthly monitoring of profitability and the product re-pricing facility. About 10% of existing business lapses each year so much of new business (over 90% is direct) is about replacing this. In practice numbers of policyholders are static/slightly reducing with premiums slightly growing as new joiners usually pay more than leavers assisted by the occasional price increase.

C.2 Market risk

HSF health plan's business plans involve very modest business growth. Materially different levels of new business would require very different direct sales resources, and intermediary sales are very low margin/IT resource intensive (brokers often request their own benefit structures).

C.3 Credit risk

There is minimal risk other than temporary exposures whilst sponsoring company's forward premiums deducted from policyholder earnings.

C.4 Liquidity risk

Liquidity Risk - assets are immediately tradable apart from up to 25% held in property and hedge funds.

C.5 Operational risk

The Risk and Compliance Committee monitor the Company's risk exposure in all areas including investment, operational, financial, human resources, sale and business continuity, with the Committees also monitoring their own areas of risk as well. It advises the Board on risk management and policy, whilst it also keeps under review the effectiveness of these areas. The Chief Risk Officer is the Executive Director accountable for enabling the efficient and effective governance of significant risks, and related opportunities, this role is the responsibility of the Managing Director. The Chief Risk Officer reports to the Risk and Compliance Committee bi-annually to assist the committee with actively monitoring the risks and ensure the controls and appropriate monitoring systems are in place, the Chief Risk Officer is also accountable to the Board of Directors.

The Company have produced various risk registers for the different parts of the business, and these are kept under constant review by the various Committees and Board to manage and mitigate risks. The Risk and Compliance Committee meet regularly to review and monitor these and reports to the Board. The Board are satisfied with the risk management policies and procedures in place.

C.6 Other material risk

Regulatory Risk - all sales are on a non-advisory basis with firm training and monitoring to prevent policyholder advice. HSF undertakes audits, complaint monitoring, and sales staff training/monitoring to detect indications that advice might be given to policyholders

Investment Risk - broad investment ranges and categories are agreed with the external fund managers, UBS and Brewin Dolphin, to achieve a well-diversified balanced portfolio. Real assets (equities plus to a lesser extent property and hedge funds) form 50 to 80% of the holdings with cash and fixed interest making the remainder. Overall HSF applies the prudent person principle in ensuring its investments will be more than sufficient to cover its statutory capital requirements.

C.7 Any other information

HSF health plan adopts a medium to low strategic risk appetite when determining the acceptability and management approach to risk. Due allowance is made for HSF's financial strength, the cost/value of controls, and the extent to which the risk can be accepted or mitigated.

HSF health plan seeks to manage its business in a sensible, considered, and common-sense manner whilst taking sufficient risks to develop the business and compete/survive successfully against other organisations. So, taking risks

is necessary, but taking unnecessary or ill-judged risks in areas HSF health plan do not fully understand is not. HSF health plan will act with prudence in its business activities and approach – and even more so on matters more removed from its core health cash plan insurance product.

HSF health plan will make considered judgments, acting decisively, seeking to carefully analyse potential new initiatives in order to consider possible outcomes in relation to specified criteria. HSF health plan may seek external guidance (upon which HSF health plan will still need to make a validity judgment) where appropriate.

The business is operated in an open and ethical manner with the Board monitoring expenditure and actual/potential variances. "Treating Customers Fairly" is embedded firmly in the firms' ethos and good treatment of customers and low level of complaints is of primary importance.

Not all HSF health plan's risk exposures are included in the standard formula capital calculation. For example, risk exposures associated with reputation, strategic or regulatory are mitigated through a combination of reliance on internal controls, monitoring of the risk management framework and future management actions. There is no exposure to pension scheme liabilities.

D - VALUATION FOR SOLVENCY PURPOSES

D.1 Assets

Land and buildings

The Company owns a freehold property at 24 Upper Ground, London SE1 9PD which is used for the Company's own activities. The property was valued on 18 February 2021, at £5,630,000 on an open market basis by Egerton. At the date of the revaluation, the directors believed the property had a useful economic life of at least 50 years.

Investments

The investment of assets, or portfolio management, are managed within HSF health plan's investment policy by two external fund managers, currently Brewin Dolphin and UBS, who have freedom to select individual stocks and shares and the timing of their purchase/sale within an agreed framework.

Market value at 1 January 2020	17,144,754
Additions	3,621,076
Disposals	(2,816,213)
Unrealised gain on investments	1,309,407
Market value at 31 December 2020	19,259,024

Insurance and intermediaries' receivables

Insurance and intermediaries' receivable balances represent premiums owed from policyholders. As at 31 December 2020 the Company had a total of £1,575k of outstanding premiums. Outstanding premiums are valued at fair value and due to the short-term nature of the receivable; no adjustments to valuation are required. The value of insurance and intermediaries' receivables in the Company's financial statements is the same as for Solvency II.

Cash and cash equivalents

As at the reporting date, the Company had £3,061K held as cash in UK and Irish bank accounts. The UK bank accounts are all held in pounds sterling; no estimation methods, adjustments for future value or valuation judgements are required for these balances. The monies held in Irish bank account are denominated in Euro ("EU"), translated into pounds sterling at the period end for reporting purposes.

Cash and cash equivalents are valued at fair value by the relevant financial institution, and the Company receives monthly statements at the period end to confirm the balances held. There are no significant estimates or judgements used in valuing cash holdings due to the nature of the asset.

Tangible Fixed Assets	Furniture and Equipment
Cost	
At 1 January 2020	1,779,774
Additions	74,511
Disposals	-
At 31 December 2020	1,854,285
Depreciation	
At 1 January 2020	1,417,167
Charge for year	215,380
Disposals	-
At 31 December 2020	1,632,547
Net book value	
At 31 December 2020	221,738
	=======
At 31 December 2019	362,607
	=======

The valuation used for assets within the Reports and Financial Statements we feel is in line with the defined fair value for Solvency purposes and therefore there has been no revaluation of assets for Solvency II.

D.2 Technical provisions

At 31 December 2020, HSF health plan held a technical provision valued for Solvency II purposes of £3,782k.

The Technical provision represents at the balance sheet date the current cost of insurance liabilities and includes the following components:

- Claims provisions being claims incurred at the balance sheet date
- Premium provision being claims expected to be incurred after the balance sheet date
- Risk Margin representing the amount a third party would require in addition to the best estimates to assume the liability, calculated on a cost of capital basis.

HSF health plan technical provision is calculated using a claims paid analysis and including all policies in force and on risk at the reporting date.

The risk margin is calculated using the cost-of-capital approach prescribed by Solvency II.

The primary uncertainties relate to how future actual experience will differ from the assumptions used to calculate the technical provisions. The key assumptions are in respect of the claims experience. In order to best understand the uncertainties a robust process for setting assumption is adhered to.

The table below is set out to display the split between technical provision and risk margin.

Description	Technical Provisions per Solvency II
Technical Provisions	£3,565k
Risk Margin	£217k
Total	£3,782k

The main difference between the Solvency II and UK GAAP for the Technical Provisions is the inclusion of the Risk Margin value of £217k for Solvency II.

D.3 Other liabilities

The other liabilities included within the Solvency II valuation are Payables (trade, not insurance) of £880K and Deferred Tax Liabilities of £1,488k. There are no adjustments or judgements made for valuation purposes. The valuation for Solvency II is the same as UK GAAP valuation for both other liabilities detailed above.

D.4 Alternative methods for valuation

The valuation used by HSF health plan Ltd for assets within the Reports and Financial Statements we feel is in line with the defined fair value for Solvency purposes and therefore there has been no revaluation of assets for Solvency calculations.

E- CAPITAL MANAGEMENT

E.1 Own funds

The own funds management objective is to at all times maintain sufficient own funds to cover both the SCR and MCR with an appropriate excess. Regular reviews are carried out by the responsible committee at least quarterly of the eligible own funds over SCR and MCR ratios with the ultimate responsibility for this resting with HSF health plans Board of Directors. HSF health plans own funds are all tier 1 unrestricted and available to cover SCR and MCR.

HSF health plan's eligible own funds as of 31 December 2020 £23,914k.

E.2 Solvency Capital Requirements and Minimum Capital Requirement

The Solvency Capital Requirement and Minimum Capital Requirement for the Company are set out in templates 28.01.01. HSF health plan Ltd applies the Standard Formula as the basis for calculating capital requirements having assessed and reviewed the underlying assumptions as appropriate for the firm.

	31 December 2020
Market Risk	£8,095K
Counterparty Default Risk	£636K
Health Underwriting Risk	£4,927K
Diversification	(£2,967K)
Operational Risk	£1,860K
SCR	£12,551K
MCR	£3,138k

The MCR is pre-determined within the Solvency II legislation and corresponds to an amount of eligible basic own funds below which policyholders and beneficiaries are exposed to an unacceptable level of risk if insurance undertakings were allowed to continue their operations. The MCR is calibrated to the Value-at-Risk of the basic own funds of an insurance undertaking subject to a confidence level of 85% over a one year period. The MCR has been calculated as 25% of the SCR in accordance with article 248(1) of the Delegated Regulations 2015/35.

E.3 Use of the duration-based equity risk sub-module in the calculation of the Solvency Capital Requirement

No duration-based equity risk sub-module is included in the Solvency Capital Requirement.

E.4 Differences between the standard formula and any internal model used

HSF health plan has fully embedded the Solvency II calculation process and is engaged with the Solvency II standard model assumptions. HSF health plan considers the standard model provides a prudent calculation of HSF health plan's capital requirements and no additional capital loadings are necessary. As a package of risk capital calculations HSF considers the Standard Model provides a sound framework to use when applying its own assessment to the risks to be valued. HSF health plan agrees that the 0.5% per annum risk of failure is an appropriate benchmark when balancing the firm failure risk against its capital resources - as is inherent in the Standard Formula.

HSF health plan monitors the ongoing appropriateness of the standard formula for HSF health plan's ORSA framework as part of its considerations each time an ORSA is being prepared. Business assumptions are challenged and agreed by relevant parties with controls put in place such as agreeing all inputs and stress tests to be conducted before the calculation takes place.

E.5 Non-Compliance with the Minimum Capital Requirements and non-compliance with the Solvency Capital Requirement

HSF health plan Ltd has continually complied with both the Minimum Capital Requirement and Solvency Capital Requirement throughout the reporting period.

TEMPLATES

General information

Undertaking name

Undertaking identification code

Type of code of undertaking

Type of undertaking

Country of authorisation

Language of reporting

Reporting reference date

Currency used for reporting

Accounting standards

Method of Calculation of the SCR

Matching adjustment

Volatility adjustment

Transitional measure on the risk-free interest rate

Transitional measure on technical provisions

HSF Health Plan Ltd	
213800YV3JV2KPMNCU43	
LEI	
Non-life undertakings	
GB	
en	
31 December 2020	
GBP	
IFRS	
Standard formula	
No use of matching adjustment	
No use of volatility adjustment	
No use of transitional measure on the risk-free interest rate	
No use of transitional measure on technical provisions	

List of reported templates

5.02.01.02 - Balance sheet

5.05.01.02 - Premiums, claims and expenses by line of business

5.05.02.01 - Premiums, claims and expenses by country

S.17.01.02 - Non-Life Technical Provisions

5.19.01.21 - Non-Life insurance claims

5.23.01.01 - Own Funds

5.25.01.21 - Solvency Capital Requirement - for undertakings on Standard Formula

5.28.01.01 - Minimum Capital Requirement - Only life or only non-life insurance or reinsurance activity

5.02.01.02

Balance sheet

		value
	Assets	C0010
R0030	Intangible assets	
R0040	Deferred tax assets	
R0050	Pension benefit surplus	
R0060	Property, plant & equipment held for own use	5,217
R0070	Investments (other than assets held for index-linked and unit-linked contracts)	19,259
R0080	Property (other than for own use)	1,740
R0090	Holdings in related undertakings, including participations	0
R0100	Equities	13,198
R0110	Equities - listed	13,198
R0120	Equities - unlisted	
R0130	Bonds	3,759
R0140	Government Bonds	1,780
R0150	Corporate Bonds	1,979
R0160	Structured notes	0
R0170	Collateralised securities	0
R0180	Collective Investments Undertakings	0
R0190	Derivatives	
R0200	Deposits other than cash equivalents	0
R0210	Other investments	562
R0220	Assets held for index-linked and unit-linked contracts	
R0230	Loans and mortgages	0
R0240	Loans on policies	0
R0250	Loans and mortgages to individuals	
R0260	Other loans and mortgages	
R0270	Reinsurance recoverables from:	0
R0280	Non-life and health similar to non-life	0
R0290	Non-life excluding health	0
R0300	Health similar to non-life	0
R0310	Life and health similar to life, excluding index-linked and unit-linked	0
R0320	Health similar to life	
R0330	Life excluding health and index-linked and unit-linked	
R0340	Life index-linked and unit-linked	
R0350	Deposits to cedants	0
R0360	Insurance and intermediaries receivables	2,179
R0370	Reinsurance receivables	
	Receivables (trade, not insurance)	
R0390	Own shares (held directly)	
	Amounts due in respect of own fund items or initial fund called up but not yet paid in	0
	Cash and cash equivalents	3,061
	Any other assets, not elsewhere shown	227
R0500	Total assets	29,943

Solvency II

5.02.01.02

Balance sheet

		Solvency II value
	Liabilities	C0010
R0510	Technical provisions - non-life	3,781
R0520	Technical provisions - non-life (excluding health)	0
R0530	TP calculated as a whole	0
R0540	Best Estimate	0
R0550	Risk margin	0
R0560	Technical provisions - health (similar to non-life)	3,781
R0570	TP calculated as a whole	3,565
R0580	Best Estimate	0
R0590	Risk margin	217
R0600	Technical provisions - life (excluding index-linked and unit-linked)	0
R0610	Technical provisions - health (similar to life)	0
R0620	TP calculated as a whole	
R0630	Best Estimate	
R0640	Risk margin	
R0650	Technical provisions - life (excluding health and index-linked and unit-linked)	0
R0660	TP calculated as a whole	
R0670	Best Estimate	
R0680	Risk margin	
R0690	Technical provisions - index-linked and unit-linked	0
R0700	TP calculated as a whole	
R0710	Best Estimate	
R0720	Risk margin	
R0740	Contingent liabilities	
R0750	Provisions other than technical provisions	
R0760		
R0770	Deposits from reinsurers	
R0780		1,368
R0790		
R0800	Debts owed to credit institutions	
	Financial liabilities other than debts owed to credit institutions Insurance & intermediaries payables	
	Reinsurance payables	
R0840	Payables (trade, not insurance)	880
	Subordinated liabilities	0
R0860	Subordinated liabilities not in BOF	
R0870	Subordinated liabilities in BOF	0
R0880	Any other liabilities, not elsewhere shown	<u> </u>
R0900	Total liabilities	6,029
110700		3,027
R1000	Excess of assets over liabilities	23,914

S.05.01.02 Premiums, claims and expenses by line of business

Non-life

Principle Prin			_	Line of Business for: non-life insurance and reinsurance obligations (direct business and accepted proportional reinsurance)	or: non-life insu	rance and rein	urance obligat	ions (direct bus	iness and accep	pted proportion	al reinsurance)			Line of bu	iness for: accepted reinsurance	Line of business for: accepted non-proportional reinsurance	ortional	
Comparison between the comparison of the compa		Medical expense insurance	Income protection insurance	Workers' compensation insurance	Motor vehicle liability insurance	Other motor insurance	Marine, aviation and transport insurance	Fire and other damage to property insurance	General liability insurance	Credit and suretyship insurance	Legal expenses insurance	Assistance	Aisc. financial loss	Health		Marine, aviation and transport	Property	Total
21.72 Cont. Direct blank interaction of control of	December week to be	C0010	C0020	00030	C0040	C0050	09000	C0070	08000	06000	C0100	C0110	C0120	C0130	C0140	C0150	C0160	C0200
Cross two proportional refrontance accepted 21,178		31.178												ı	ı	ı		31.178
17.00 Committee accepted 21.72 Commit																		0
Het Het													١					0
Het Performs eared 131/18																		0
Face Page		31,178																31,178
1,008 Cross - Proportional reformance accepted 21,008 Cross - Proportional reformance accepted 21,009 Cross -																		
Gross - Proportional reinsurance accepted		31,008																31,008
19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19													1	ľ	ľ	ľ		0
Refinement's share Refinem																		0
Signature																		0
18,220 18,220 18,220		31,008																31,008
18,220 18,220																		
18,220		18,220											Ī					18,220
1972 1010 Proportional reinsurance accepted 18,20					1	1		1	1	1	1		1	ľ	l	ľ		
New Interest Share New Int																		0
Changes in other technical provisions Changes in other technical provisions		18 220													1			18 220
212																		
Gross - Proportional reinsurance accepted		-212											Г					-212
Gross - Norproportional reinsurance accepted Reinsurer's share 212 <td></td> <td>0</td>																		0
Reinsterer share -212 Reinsterer share 6,986 Reinsterer share 6 Reinsterer share 6 Reinsterer share Reinsterer share 6 Reinsterer share Reinsterer share<																		0
Expenses incurred 6,986																		0
Expenses incurred 6,986	R0500 Net	-212																-212
Other expenses Total expenses	R0550 Expenses incurred	986'9																6,986
	R1200 Other expenses R1300 Total expenses																	986'9

S.05.02.01 Premiums, claims and expenses by country

Non-life

	C0010	C0020	C0030	C0040	C0050	C0060	C0070
	Home Country	Top 5 countries (b)	Top 5 countries (by amount of gross premiums written) - non-life obligations	remiums written) -	Top 5 countries (b premiums writ	Top 5 countries (by amount of gross premiums written) - non-life obligations	Total Top 5 and
R0010		ш					
:	C0080	06000	C0100	C0110	C0120	C0130	C0140
	417						77
	13,473	17,705					31,178
							0
							0
R0140 Reinsurers' share							0
R0200 Net	13,473	17,705					31,178
Premiums earned							
R0210 Gross - Direct Business	13,459	17,549					31,008
R0220 Gross - Proportional reinsurance accepted							0
R0230 Gross - Non-proportional reinsurance accepted							0
R0240 Reinsurers' share							0
R0300 Net	13,459	17,549					31,008
Claims incurred							
R0310 Gross - Direct Business	8,084	10,179					18,263
R0320 Gross - Proportional reinsurance accepted							0
R0330 Gross - Non-proportional reinsurance accepted							0
R0340 Reinsurers' share							0
R0400 Net	8,084	10,179					18,263
Changes in other technical provisions							
R0410 Gross - Direct Business	-14	-156					-170
R0420 Gross - Proportional reinsurance accepted							0
R0430 Gross - Non-proportional reinsurance accepted							0
R0440 Reinsurers' share							0
R0500 Net	-14	-156					-170
R0550 Expenses incurred	3,461	3,525					986'9
							,
							986'9

. 17.01.02 Von-Life Technical Provisions

					Direct busin	less and accepte	Direct business and accepted proportional reinsurance	insurance					Acce	pted non-propo	Accepted non-proportional reinsurance	9.	
	Medical expense insurance	Income protection insurance	Workers' compensation insurance	Motor vehicle liability insurance	Other motor insurance	Marine, aviation and transport insurance	Fire and other damage to property insurance	General liability insurance	Credit and suretyship insurance	Legal expenses insurance	Assistance	Miscellaneous financial loss	Non- proportional health reinsurance	Non- proportional casualty reinsurance	Non- proportional marine, aviation and transport reinsurance	Non- proportional property reinsurance	Total Non-Life obligation
	C0020	C0030	C0040	C0050	09000	C0070	C0080	06000	C0100	C0110	C0120	C0130	C0140	C0150	C0160	C0170	C0180
R0010 Technical provisions calculated as a whole	3,565																3,565
Total Recoverables from reinsurance/SPV and Finite Re after the R0050 adjustment for expected losses due to counterparty default associated to TP calculated as a whole																	0
Technical provisions calculated as a sum of BE and RM Best estimate Premium provisions																	
R0060 Gross		0															0
Total recoverable from reinsurance/SPV and Finite R0140 Re after the adjustment for expected losses due to counterparty default																	0
R0150 Net Best Estimate of Premium Provisions		0															0
Claims provisions																	
R0160 Gross		0															0
Total recoverable from reinsurance/SPV and Finite R0240 Re after the adjustment for expected losses due to counterparty default																	0
R0250 Net Best Estimate of Claims Provisions		0															0
R0260 Total best estimate - gross R0270 Total best estimate - net		0															0
R0280 Risk margin	217	7															217
R0290 Technical Provisions calculated as a whole					†	1		1	1	†	1	1	1		1	1	0
						Ī		T	T			T	T				0
R0320 Technical provisions - total	3,781																3,781
Recoverable from reinsurance contract/SPV and R0330 Finite Re after the adjustment for expected losses due to counterparty default - total		0															0
R0340 Technical provisions minus recoverables from reinsurance/SPV and Finite Re - total	3,781																3,781

S.19.01.21 Non-Life insurance claims

Total Non-life business

21,284 286,574 20,434 20,604 18,263 16,966 18,134 18,098 17,562 21,496 In Current C0170 year Total 96,458 10 & + C0110 17,276 C0100 6 0 16,966 C0090 8 18,134 C0080 7 0 18,098 C0070 9 0 0 0 0 17,562 C0060 Development year 0 0 0 20,434 C0050 4 Accident year / underwriting year Accident Year 0 0 0 0 0 0 20,604 C0040 3 0 0 21,284 0 0 C0030 7 0 0 0 0 21,496 Gross Claims Paid (non-cumulative) C0020 18,263 C0010 0 (absolute amount) 2013 2014 2015 2016 2017 2018 2019 2011 2012 Year Z0020 R0100 R0160 R0170 R0180 R0190 R0200 R0210 R0220 R0230 R0250 R0260 R0240

16,966

Sum of years

C0180

(cumulative)

18,134

18,098

17,562

20,604

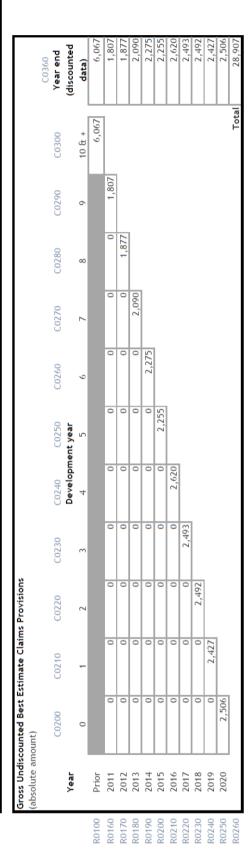
20,434

21,496

18,263

286,574

21,284



5.23.01.01

Own Funds

Basic own funds before deduction for participations in other financial sector as foreseen in article 68 of Delegated Regulation 2015/35

R0010	R0010 Ordinary share capital (gross of own shares)
R0030	R0030 Share premium account related to ordinary share capital
R0040	R0040 Initial funds, members' contributions or the equivalent basic own-fund item for mutual and mutual-type undertakings
R0050	R0050 Subordinated mutual member accounts
R0070	R0070 Surplus funds

R0110 Share premium account related to preference shares R0090 Proference shares

R0130 Reconciliation reserve

R0140 Subordinated liabilities
R0160 An amount equal to the value of net deferred tax assets
R0180 Other own fund items approved by the supervisory authority as basic own funds not specified above

R0220 Own funds from the financial statements that should not be represented by the reconciliation reserve and do not meet the criteria to be classified as Solvency II own funds

R0230 Deductions for participations in financial and credit institutions

R0290 Total basic own funds after deductions

Ancillary own funds

R0300	R0300 Unpaid and uncalled ordinary share capital callable on demand
R0310	R0310 Unpaid and uncalled initial funds, members' contributions or the equivalent basic own fund item for mutual and mutual.
R0320	R0320 Unpaid and uncalled proference shares callable on demand
R0330	R0330 A legally binding commitment to subscribe and pay for subordinated liabilities on demand
R0340	R0340 Letters of credit and guarantees under Article 96(2) of the Directive 2009/138/EC
R0350	R0350 Letters of credit and guarantees other than under Article 96(2) of the Directive 2009/138/EC
R0360	R0360 Supplementary members calls under first subparagraph of Article 96(3) of the Directive 2009/138/EC
D0370	2037) Sundamontany membry calls - other than under first subcaracach of Artisla 06/3) of the Directive 2009/138/FC

- type undertakings, callable on demand

R0370 Supplementary menimers come R0390 Other ancillary own funds R0400 Total ancillary own funds

Available and eligible own funds

•	Total available own funds to meet the SCR	Total available own funds to meet the MCR	Total eligible own funds to meet the SCR	Total eligible own funds to meet the MCR	
	R0500	R0510	R0540	R0550	

SCR MCR R0580 R0600

Reconcilitation reserve
RO700 Excess of assets over liabilities
R0710 Own shares (held directly and indirectly)
R0720 Foreseable dividends, distributions and charges
R0730 Other basic own fund items
R0740 Adjustment for restricted our R0750 Reconcilians

Other basic own fund items
Adjustment for restricted own fund items in respect of matching adjustment portfolios and ring fenced funds

Expected profits

Expected profits included in future premiums (EPIFP) - Life business Expected profits included in future premiums (EPIFP) - Non- life business R0770 Expected profits included in future premiums (CPIFP) - Hon- life R0780 Expected profits included in future premiums (EPIFP) - R0790 Total Expected profits included in future premiums (EPIFP)

2.914		Tier 1	Tier 1		
C0020	Total	unrestricted	restricted	Tier 2	Tier 3
0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0		C0020	C0030	C0040	C0050
0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	0	0		0	
0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	0	0		0	
0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	0	0		0	
0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	0		0	0	0
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Signature Sign	0		0	0	0
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3914 23,914 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	0				
3,914 23,914 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	0			0	0
3.914 23.914 0 0 0 0 3.914 23.914 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0					
3,5914 23,5914 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	23 044	23 044			
3,914 23,914 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	73 914	23,714			
3,914 23,914 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	73.914	73.914	0	0	0
2.551 5.4% 5.4% 5.94 0 0 0 0 0 0	23.914	23,914	0	0	
12,331 3,138 190.54% 762.14% C0060 23,914 23,914	42 EE4				
190.548 762.148 C0060 23,914 0 0 23,914	12,331				
762.14% C0060 23,914 0 0 0 0 23,914	190 54%				
23,914	762.14%				
23,914 0 0 0 23,914	COOKO				
23,914	23 914				
23,914	0				
23,914					
23,914	0				
23,914	0				
	23,914				

S.25.01.21 Solvency Capital Requirement - for undertakings on Standard Formula

		capital requirement	USP	Simplifications
		C0110	C0090	C0120
R0010	Market risk	8,095		
R0020	Counterparty default risk	636		
R0030	Life underwriting risk	0		
R0040	Health underwriting risk	4,905		
R0050	Non-life underwriting risk	0		
R0060	Diversification	-2,960		
			USP Key	
R0070	Intangible asset risk	0	For life underwi	riting risk:
			1 - Increase in th	e amount of annuity
R0100	Basic Solvency Capital Requirement	10,676	benefits 9 - None	
			For health unde	ewetting etck-
	Calculation of Solvency Capital Requirement	C0100	1 - Increase in th	e amount of annuity
R0130	Operational risk	1,860	benefits 2 - Standard dev	iation for NSLT health
	Loss-absorbing capacity of technical provisions	14	premium ris	k
	Loss-absorbing capacity of deferred taxes		3 - Standard dev premium risi	iation for NSLT health gross k
R0160	Capital requirement for business operated in accordance with Art. 4 of Directive 2003/41/EC	0	4 - Adjustment f	actor for non-proportional
R0200	Solvency Capital Requirement excluding capital add-on	12,551		iation for NSLT health
R0210	Capital add-ons already set	0	reserve risk 9 - None	
R0220	Solvency capital requirement	12,551		
			For non-life und 4 - Adjustment f	lerwriting risk: actor for non-proportional
	Other information on SCR		reinsuranoe	
	Capital requirement for duration-based equity risk sub-module	0	6 - Standard dev premium risi	iation for non-life k
	Total amount of Notional Solvency Capital Requirements for remaining part	0	7 - Standard dev premium ris	iation for non-life gross
	Total amount of Notional Solvency Capital Requirements for ring fenced funds	0	8 - Standard dev	iation for non-life
R0430	Total amount of Notional Solvency Capital Requirements for matching adjustment portfolios	0	reserve risk 9 - None	
R0440	Diversification effects due to RFF nSCR aggregation for article 304	0		
		50400		
DOEGO	Approach to tax rate	C0109 0		
KU590	Approach based on average tax rate	U		
	-1.17 71 1 1 1 1 7 7 7 7	LAC DT		
	Calculation of loss absorbing capacity of deferred taxes	C0130		
B0640	LAC DT	C0130		
	LAC DT justified by reversion of deferred tax liabilities	0		
	LAC DT justified by reference to probable future taxable economic profit	0		
	LAC DT justified by reference to probable ruture taxable economic profit LAC DT justified by carry back, current year	0		
R0680	LAC DT justified by carry back, current years	0		
	Maximum LAC DT	0		
1.0070	manificati acts of			

Gross solvency

	Linear formula component for non-life insurance and reinsurance obligations	C0010		
R0010	MCR _{NL} Result	1,633		
			Net (of reinsurance/SPV) best estimate and TP calculated as a whole	Net (of reinsurance) written premiums in the last 12 months
			C0020	C0030
R0020	Medical expense insurance and proportional reinsurance		3,565	31,178
	Income protection insurance and proportional reinsurance		0	
	Workers' compensation insurance and proportional reinsurance		0	
	Motor vehicle liability insurance and proportional reinsurance		0	
	Other motor insurance and proportional reinsurance		0	
R0070	Marine, aviation and transport insurance and proportional reinsurance Fire and other damage to property insurance and proportional reinsurance		0	
R0090			0	
R0100	Credit and suretyship insurance and proportional reinsurance		0	
R0110	Legal expenses insurance and proportional reinsurance		0	
	Assistance and proportional reinsurance		0	
	Miscellaneous financial loss insurance and proportional reinsurance		0	
	Non-proportional health reinsurance		0	
	Non-proportional casualty reinsurance Non-proportional marine, aviation and transport reinsurance		0	
	Non-proportional property reinsurance		0	
		C0040		
00000	Linear formula component for life insurance and reinsurance obligations	0		
RUZUU	MCR _L Result	0		
			Net (of reinsurance/SPV) best estimate and TP calculated as a whole	Net (of reinsurance/SPV) total capital at risk
			C0050	C0060
R0210	Obligations with profit participation - guaranteed benefits			
R0220				
	Index-linked and unit-linked insurance obligations			
	Other life (re)insurance and health (re)insurance obligations Total capital at risk for all life (re)insurance obligations			
K0230				
	Overall MCR calculation	C0070		
R0300 R0310	Linear MCR	1,633 12,551		
	MCR cap	5,648		
	MCR floor	3,138		
	Combined MCR	3,138		
R0350	Absolute floor of the MCR	2,255		
R0400	Minimum Capital Requirement	3,138		
		2,100		

Validations

HSF health plan

Approval by the Board of Directors of the Solvency and Financial Condition Report Financial period ended 31 December 2020

We certify that:

- 1. the Solvency and Financial Condition Report ("SFCR") has been properly prepared in all material respects in accordance with the PRA rules and Solvency II Regulations; and
- 2. we are satisfied that:
 - (a) throughout the financial year in question, the insurer has complied in all material respects with the requirements of the PRA rules and Solvency II Regulations as applicable to the insurer; and
 - (b) it is reasonable to believe that, at the date of the publication of the SFCR, the insurer has continued so to comply, and will continue so to comply in future.

Approval by the Administrative, Management or Supervisory Body (AMSB) of the SFCR and reporting templates

Paul Jackson Chief Executive Officer

HSF health plan Ltd

Date: 07th April 2021